

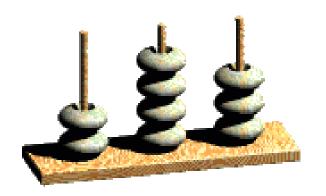
#### Sequential games

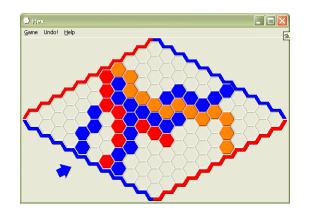
A sequential game is a game where one player chooses his action before the others choose their.

We say that a game has perfect information if all players know all moves that have taken place.

#### Sequential games







#### **Combinatorial games**

- Two-person sequential game
- Perfect information
- The outcome is either of the players wins
- The game ends in a finite number of moves

#### **Combinatorial games**

Terminal position: A position from which no moves is possible

Normal play rule: The last player to move wins

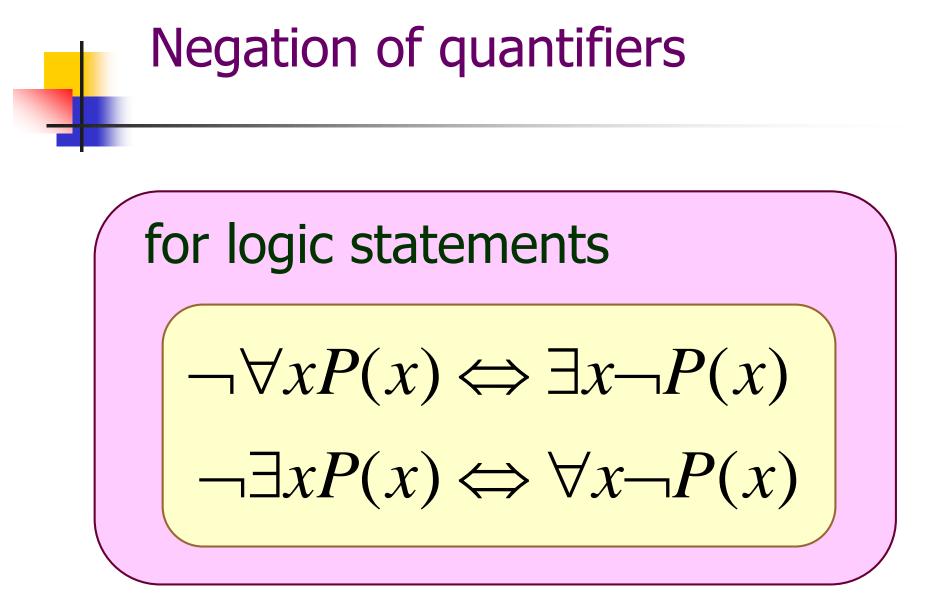
Misere play rule: The last player to move loses



In a two-person combinatorial game, exactly one of the players has a winning strategy.

#### Zermelo's theorem

In any finite sequential game with perfect information, at least one of the players has a drawing strategy. In particular if the game cannot end with a draw, then exactly one of the players has a winning strategy.



#### Negation of quantifiers

More generally

 $\neg \forall x_1 \exists y_1 \cdots \forall x_k \exists y_k P(x_1, y_1, \cdots, x_k, y_k)$  $\Leftrightarrow \exists x_1 \forall y_1 \cdots \exists x_k \forall y_k \neg P(x_1, y_1, \cdots, x_k, y_k)$ 

#### Winning strategy

 $x_i$ :  $i^{th}$  move of 1<sup>st</sup> player  $y_i$ :  $j^{th}$  move of 2<sup>nd</sup> player

 $\neg 2^{nd} \text{ player has winning strategy} \\ \Leftrightarrow \neg \forall x_1 \exists y_1 \cdots \forall x_k \exists y_k (2^{nd} \text{ player wins}) \\ \Leftrightarrow \exists x_1 \forall y_1 \cdots \exists x_k \forall y_k \neg (2^{nd} \text{ player wins}) \\ \Leftrightarrow \exists x_1 \forall y_1 \cdots \exists x_k \forall y_k (1^{st} \text{ player wins}) \\ \Leftrightarrow 1^{st} \text{ player has winning strategy}$ 

- Let *n* be a positive integer and  $S \subset \{1, 2, 3, \dots n\}$
- There is a pile of *n* chips.
- A move consists of removing kchips from the pile where  $k \in S$ .
- The player removes the last chip wins.

Example when n = 21 and

$$S = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

Who has the winning strategy?
 What is the winning strategy?

Who has the winning strategy?
 Answer:

When *n* is not a multiple of 4, the first player has a winning strategy. Otherwise the second player has a winning strategy.

2. What is the winning strategy?Answer:To remove the chips so that the remaining number of chips is a

remaining number of chips is a multiple of 4.

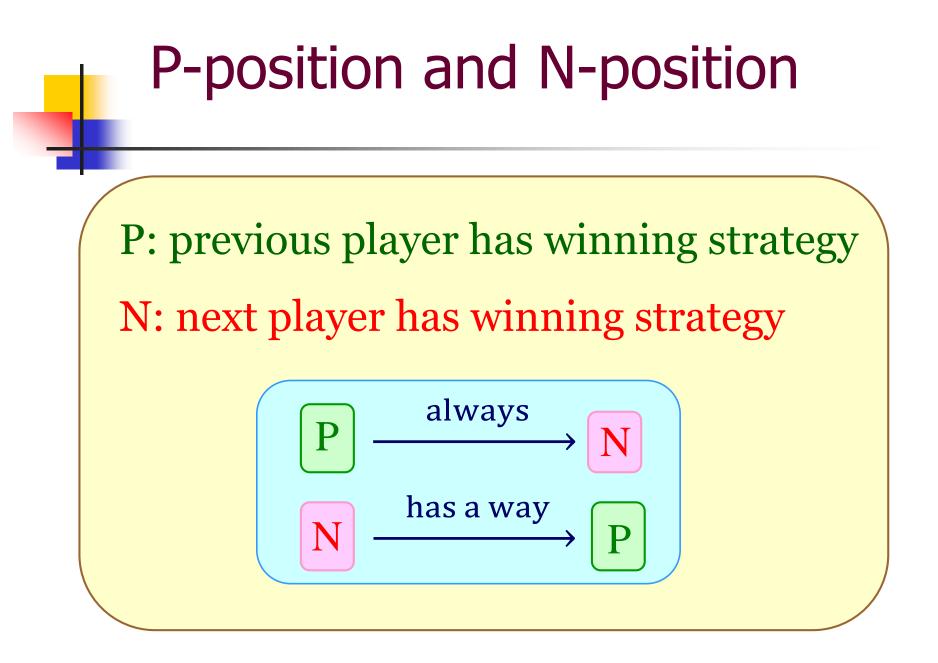
#### How to find winning strategy?

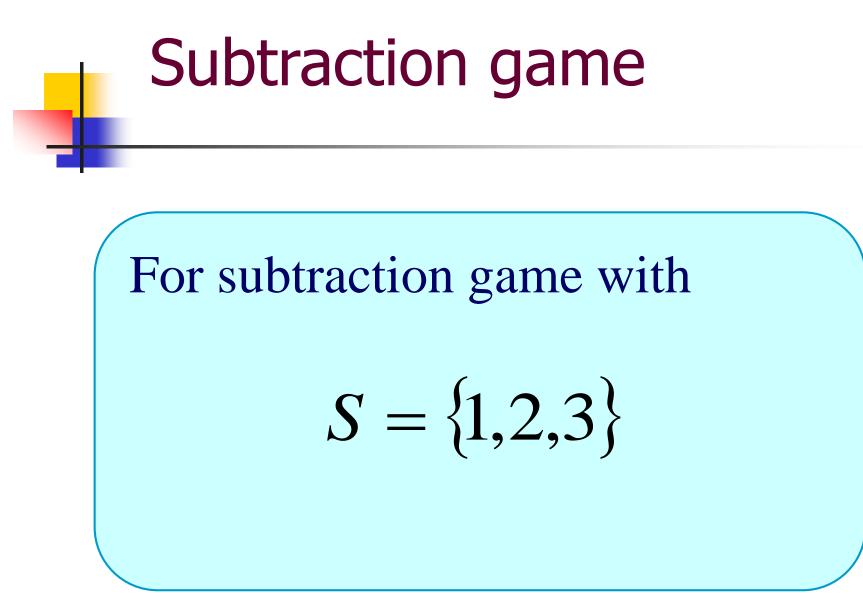
**P**-position The previous player has a winning strategy. N-position The next player has a winning strategy.

#### P-position and N-position

In normal play rule, the player makes the last move wins. In this case,

- 1. Every terminal position is a P-position
- 2. A position which can move to a Pposition is an N-position
- 3. A position which can only move to an N-position is a P-position





# Subtraction game Every terminal position is a **P-position** 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11.

A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N N N

A position which can only move to an N-position is a P-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N N P

A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

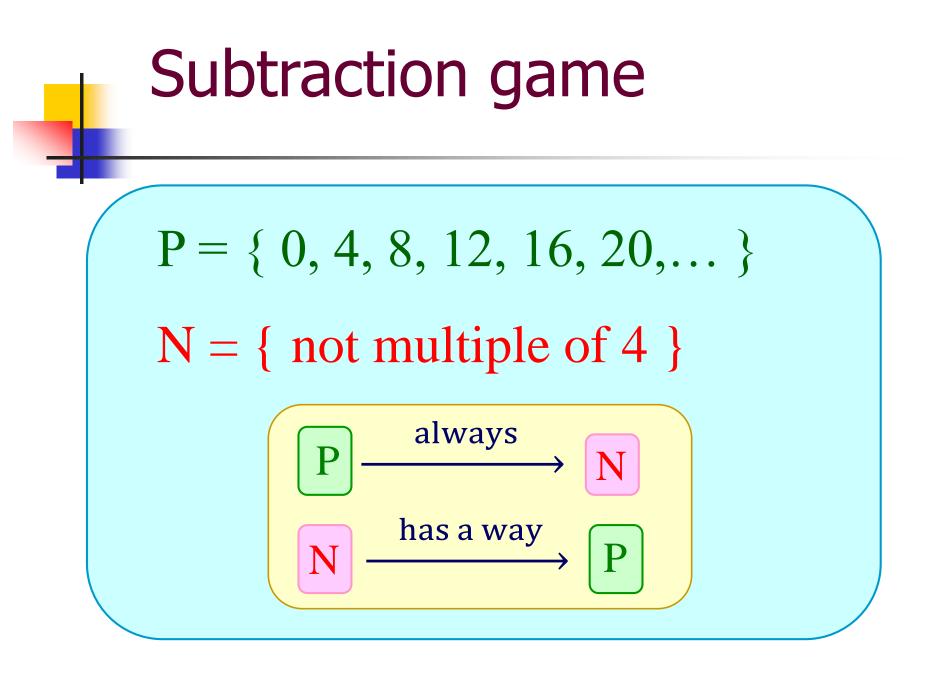
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N N P N N N

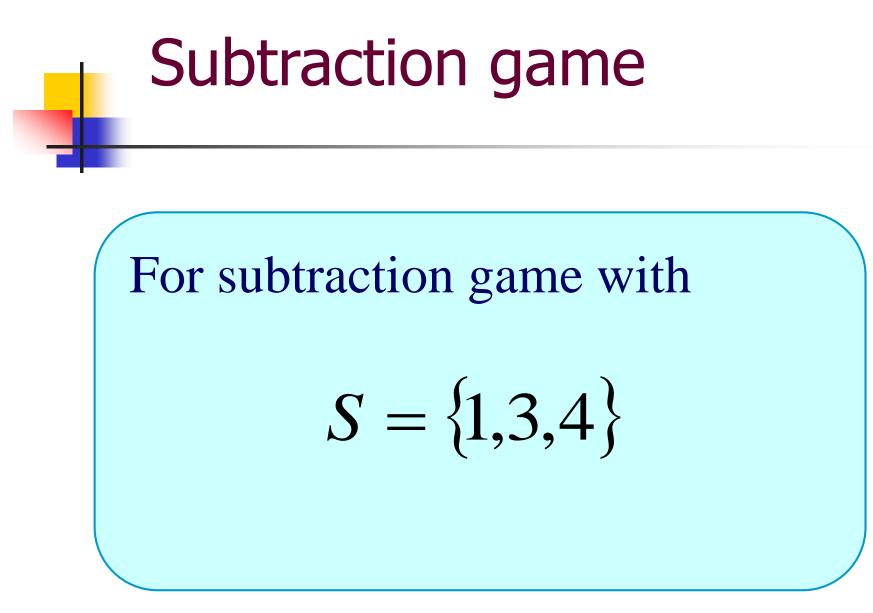
A position which can only move to an N-position is a P-position

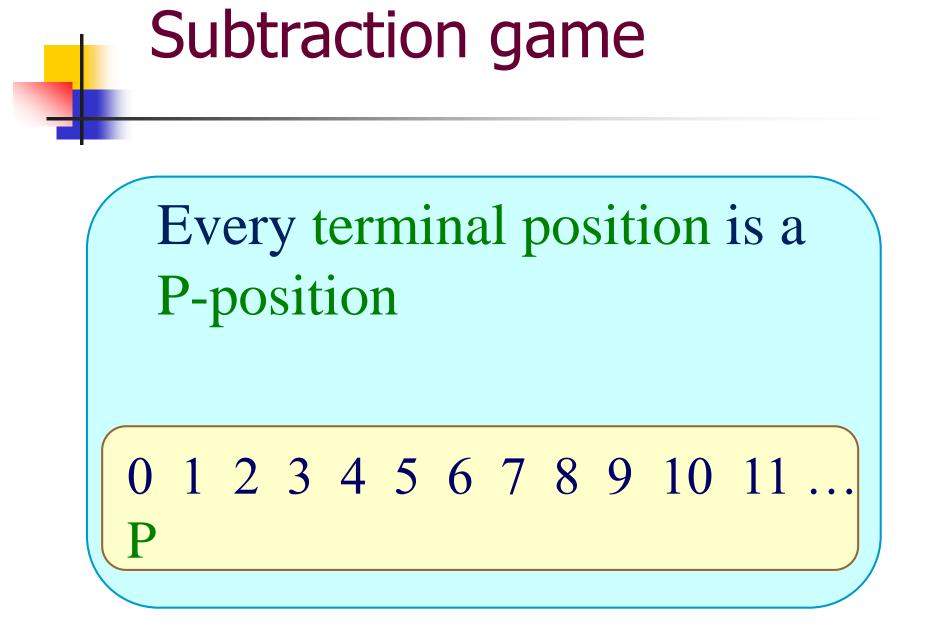
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N N P N N P

A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11. P NNNP NNNP N N N.

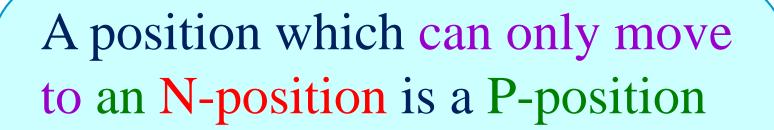


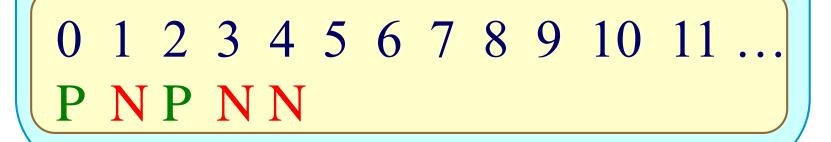




A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

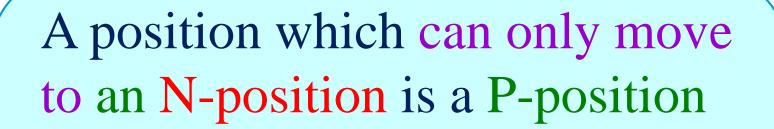
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N NN





A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N P N N N N





A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N P N N N N N N

A position which can move to a P-position is an N-position

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ... P N P N N N N P N P N N

$$P = \{ 0, 2, 7, 9, 14, 16, \dots \}$$
$$= \{ k: k \equiv 0, 2 \pmod{7} \}$$
$$N = \{ 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, \dots \}$$
$$= \{ k: k \equiv 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 \pmod{7} \}$$

#### **Proof of P-positions**

To prove that a set *P* is the set of P-position of a game, we need to do the following.

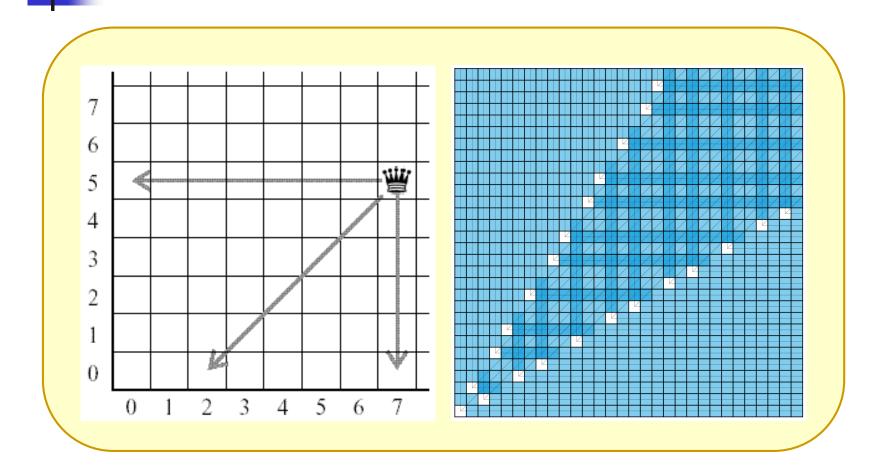
- 1. Prove that all terminal positions are in P.
- 2. Prove that any position in *P* can only move to a position not in *P*.
- 3. Prove that any position not in *P* has a way to move to a position in *P*.

#### Wythoff's game

- There are 2 piles of chips
- On each turn, the player may either

  (a) remove any positive number of chips
  from one of the piles or

  (b) remove the same positive number of chips from both piles.
- The player who removes the last chip wins.





**P-positions:**  $\{ (0,0), (1,2), (3,5), ?, \dots \}$ What is the next pair?

	-			-		-	-	_			-					
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р															
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
							2									

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	
1	N	N														
2	Ν		N													
3	N			N												
4	Ν				N											
5	N					N										
6	Ν						N									
7	N							N								
8	N								N							

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	
1	Ν	Ν	Р													
2	Ν	Р	Ν													
3	Ν			Ν												
4	Ν				Ν											
5	Ν					Ν										
6	Ν						Ν									
7	N							N								
8	N								N							

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	
1	Ν	N	Р	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
2	Ν	Р	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
3	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν											
4	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	N										
5	Ν	Ν	Ν		Ν	Ν	Ν									
6	Ν	N	Ν			N	Ν	N								
7	Ν	N	Ν				Ν	N	N							
8	N	N	N					N	N	N						

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
1	Ν	Ν	Р	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
2	Ν	Р	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
3	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	Р										
4	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν										
5	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	N	Ν	Ν									
6	Ν	N	Ν			Ν	Ν	Ν								
7	Ν	Ν	Ν				Ν	Ν	Ν							
8	N	N	N					N	N	N						

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
1	N	N	Р	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
2	N	Р	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
3	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
4	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν									
5	N	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
6	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N							
7	N	N	N	Ν		Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν						
8	N	N	N	N		N	N	N	N	N	N					

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
1	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
2	N	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	
3	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	Р	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
4	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	Р								
5	Ν	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
6	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N							
7	Ν	N	N	N	Р	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν						
8	N	N	N	N		N	N	N	N	N	N					

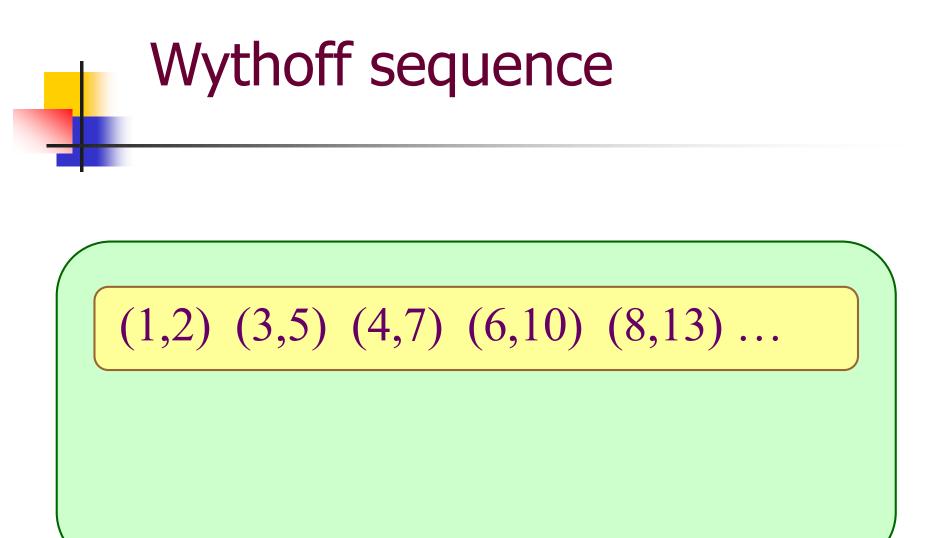
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
1	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
2	N	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
3	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
4	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Р	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
5	Ν	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
6	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	N						
7	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N					
8	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N				

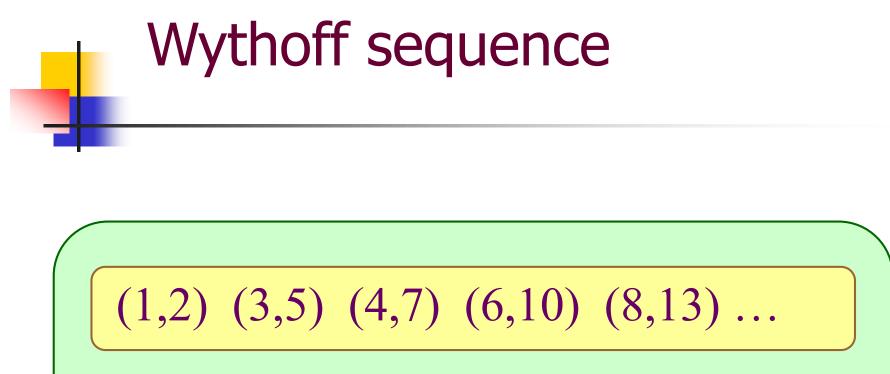
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
1	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
2	N	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
3	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
4	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Р	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
5	Ν	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
6	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Р					
7	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N					
8	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N				

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
1	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
2	Ν	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
3	Ν	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
4	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
5	Ν	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
6	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	N	Ν	N	N	
7	Ν	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	
8	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0       P         1       N         2       N         3       N         4       N         5       N         6       N         7       N	0       P       N         1       N       N         2       N       P         3       N       N         4       N       N         5       N       N         6       N       N         7       N       N	0         P         N         N           1         N         N         P           2         N         P         N           3         N         P         N           4         N         N         N           5         N         N         N           6         N         N         N           7         N         N         N	0         P         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N           2         N         P         N         N           3         N         P         N         N           4         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         P           6         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N	0         P         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         N           4         N         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N         P	0         P         N         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         P           4         N         N         N         P           5         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         P           7         N         N         N         P	0         P         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           4         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N         P         N         N	0         P         N         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N         N         N         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           4         N         N         N         N         N         P         N           5         N         N         N         N         N         N         P           6         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N         P         N         N	0         P         N	0PNNNNNNNNN1NNPNNNNNNNN2NPNNNNNNNNN3NNNNNNNNNNN4NNNNNNNNNNN5NNNNNNNNNNN6NNNNNNNNNNN7NNNNPNNNNNN	0       P       N	0         P         N	0         P         N	0       1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th="">     &lt;</th1<></th1<></th1<>	0       1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th="">     &lt;</th1<></th1<></th1<>

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
1	N	N	Р	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	Ν	
2	N	Р	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
3	N	N	N	N	Ν	P	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
4	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
5	N	N	N	Р	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
6	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	
7	N	N	N	N	Р	Ν	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	
8	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р		
7	N	N	N	N	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0	Р	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	
1	N	N	Р	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	
2	Ν	Р	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	
3	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Р	Ν	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	
4	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	Р	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
5	Ν	N	Ν	Р	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
6	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	Р	N	Ν	N	Ν	
7	Ν	N	Ν	N	Р	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	
8	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	N	
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0       P         1       N         2       N         3       N         4       N         5       N         6       N         7       N	0       P       N         1       N       N         2       N       P         3       N       N         4       N       N         5       N       N         6       N       N         7       N       N	0         P         N         N           1         N         N         P           2         N         P         N           3         N         N         N           4         N         N         N           5         N         N         N           6         N         N         N           7         N         N         N	0         P         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N           2         N         P         N         N           3         N         P         N         N           4         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         P           6         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N	0         P         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         N           4         N         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N         P	0         P         N         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         P           4         N         N         N         P           5         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         P           7         N         N         N         P	0         P         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           1         N         N         P         N         N         N         N           2         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           3         N         P         N         N         N         N         N           4         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           5         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           6         N         N         N         N         N         N         N           7         N         N         N         N         P         N         N	0         P         N	0         P         N	0         P         N	0 $P$ $N$	0         P         N	0       N	0       P       N	0       1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th="">     &lt;</th1<></th1<></th1<>





1. The *n*-th pair is different by *n*.

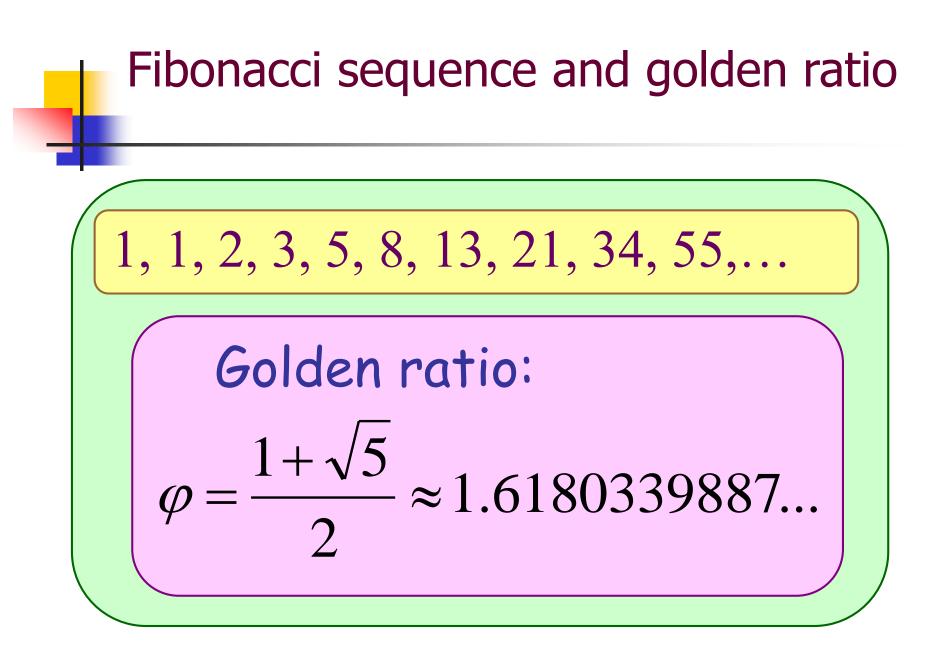


1. The *n*-th pair is different by *n*.

2. Every integer appears exactly once.

#### Wythoff sequence

/						
	n	$(a_n, b_n)$	$a_n / n$	n	$(a_n, b_n)$	$a_n / n$
	1	(1,2)	1	9	(14,23)	1.5555
	2	(3,5)	1.5	10	(16,26)	1.6
	3	(4,7)	1.333	13	(21,34)	1.6153
	4	(6,10)	1.5	34	(55,89)	1.6176
	5	(8,13)	1.6	89	(144,233)	1.6179
	6	(9,15)	1.5	100	(161,261)	1.61
	7	(11,18)	1.571	1000	(1618,2618)	1.618
	8	(12,20)	1.5	10000	(16180,26180)	1.6180



n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
nφ	1.61	3.23	4.85	6.47	8.09	9.70	11.3	
$a_n$	1	3	4	6	8	9	11	
$b_n$	2	5	7	10	13	15	18	

Example: Find all winning moves from (9,13) Solution: (8,13) and (6,10)

#### Example 1

Find all winning moves from position (26,34). Solution:

1.26/1.618 ≈ 16.06, 26/2.618 ≈ 9.93

 $17 \times 1.618 \approx \frac{27.50}{10}, 10 \times 2.618 \approx \frac{26.18}{10}$ 

The 10th pair is (16,26). Thus (26,16) is a winning move.

 $2.34/1.618 \approx 21.01, 34/2.618 \approx 12.98$ 

 $22 \times 1.618 \approx \frac{35.59}{13}, 13 \times 2.618 \approx \frac{34.03}{100}$ 

The 13th pair is (21,34). Thus (21,34) is a winning move.

3.34 - 26 = 8

 $8 \times 1.618 \approx 12.94, 8 \times 2.618 \approx 20.94$ 

The 8th pair is (12,20). Thus (12,20) is a winning move. There are 3 winning moves: (26,16), (21,34), (12,20).

#### Example 2

Find all winning moves from position (153,289). Solution:

```
1.153/1.618 \approx 94.56, 153/2.618 \approx 58.44
```

95 × 1.618 ≈ **153.71**, 59 × 2.618 ≈<del>154.46</del>

The 95th pair is (153,248). Thus (153,248) is a winning move.

2. 289/1.618 ≈ 178.61 , 289/2.618 ≈ 110.39

179 × 1.618 ≈ 289.62, 111 × 2.618 ≈ 290.59 The 179th pair is (289,468). No winning move for this pair.
3. 289 - 153 = 136

136 × 1.618 ≈ 220.04, 136 × 2.618 ≈ 356.04 The 136th pair is (220,356). No winning move for this pair. There is one winning move: (153,248).

# Wythoff's game The *n*<sup>th</sup> pair is $(a_n, b_n) = ([n\varphi], [n\varphi] + n)$ where [x] is the largest integer not larger than x. In other words, [x] is the unique integer such that $x-1 < [x] \le x$

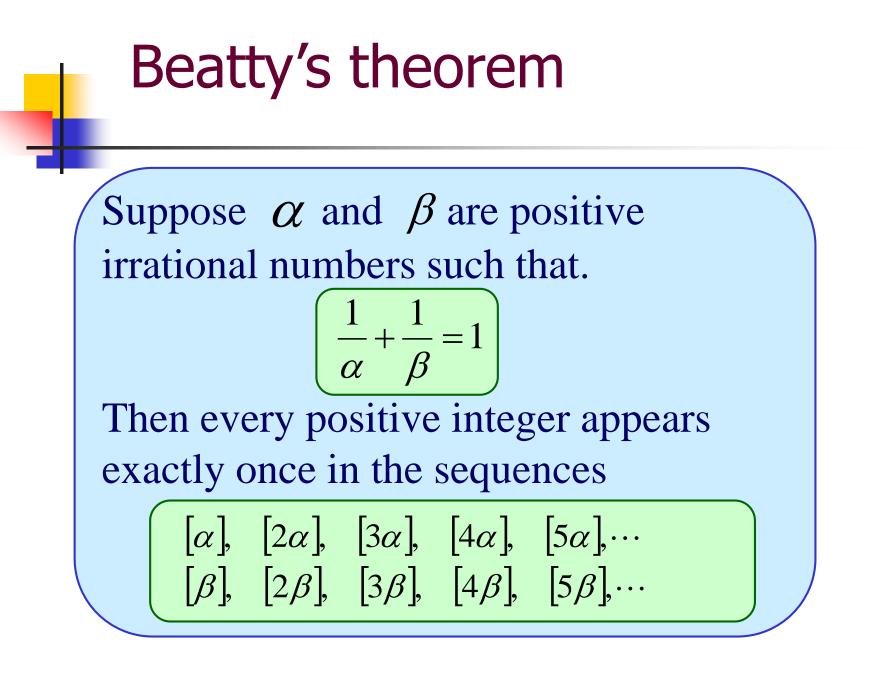
It is easy the see that the *n*-th pair satisfies

$$b_n - a_n = n$$

To prove that every positive integer appears in the sequences exactly once, observe that

$$\frac{1}{\varphi} + \frac{1}{\varphi + 1} = \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{2}{3 + \sqrt{5}} = 1$$

and apply the Beatty's theorem.



For any positive integer n,  $n = [k\alpha]$  if and only if

 $k\alpha - 1 < n \le k\alpha$ 

$$\Leftrightarrow k - \frac{1}{\alpha} < \frac{n}{\alpha} \le k$$
$$\Leftrightarrow k - \frac{1}{\alpha} < \left[\frac{n}{\alpha}\right] + \left\{\frac{n}{\alpha}\right\} \le k$$

where  $\{x\} = x - [x]$  denotes the fractional part of x. Since  $\alpha$  is irrational, such integer k exists if and only if

$$\left\{\frac{n}{\alpha}\right\} > 1 - \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

We obtain, if  $\alpha$  is a positive irrational number, then  $n = [k\alpha]$  for some positive integer k if and only if

$$\left\{\frac{n}{\alpha}\right\} > 1 - \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

Similarly,  $n = [k\beta]$  for some k if and only if

$$\left\{\frac{n}{\beta}\right\} > 1 - \frac{1}{\beta}$$

Now observe that

$$\frac{n}{\alpha} + \frac{n}{\beta} = n \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} \right) = n$$

is an integer, which implies that

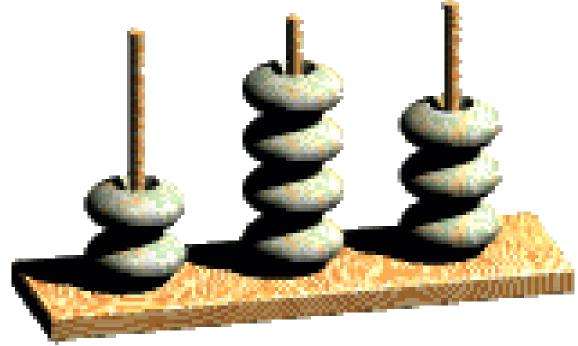
$$\left\{\frac{n}{\alpha}\right\} + \left\{\frac{n}{\beta}\right\} = 1 = 1 - \frac{1}{\alpha} + 1 - \frac{1}{\beta}$$

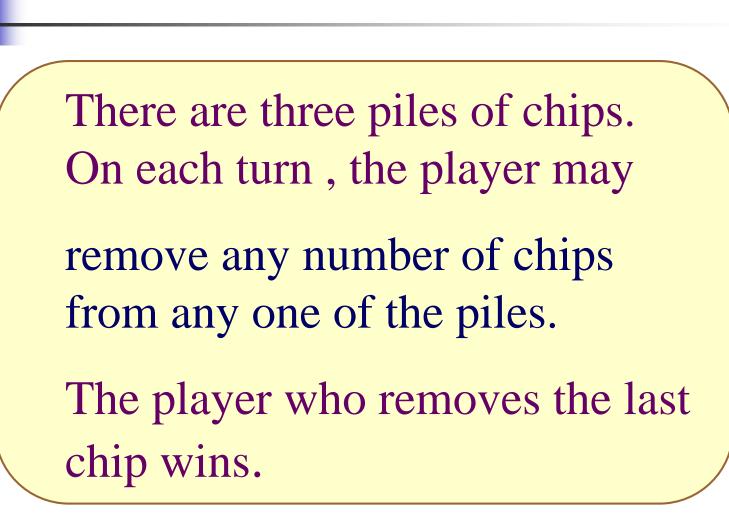
It follows, by the irrationality of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  again, that for any positive integer *n*, exactly one of

$$\left\{\frac{n}{\alpha}\right\} > 1 - \frac{1}{\alpha}$$
 or  $\left\{\frac{n}{\beta}\right\} > 1 - \frac{1}{\beta}$ 

holds and therefore exactly one of the statements "there exists positive integer k such that  $n=[k\alpha]$ " or "there exists positive integer k such that  $n=[k\beta]$ " holds and the proof of Beatty's theorem is complete.





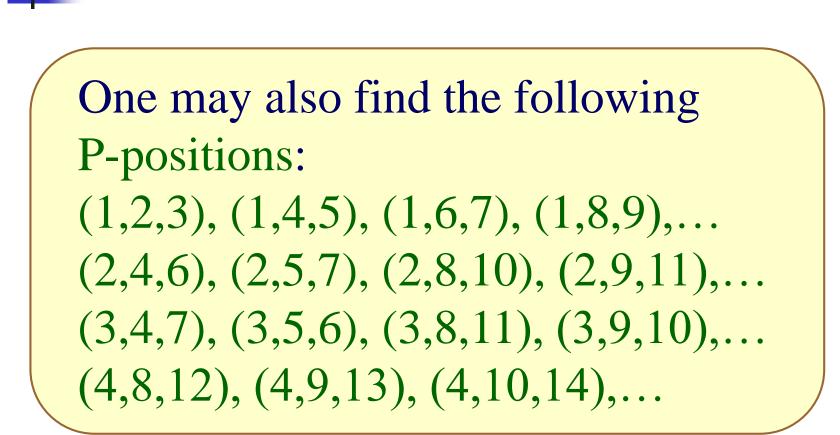


Nim



We will use (x, y, z) to represent the position that there are x, y, z chips in the three piles respectively. Nim

It is easy to see that (x,x,0) is at P-position, in other words the previous player has a winning strategy. By symmetry, (x,0,x)and (0,x,x) are also at P-position.



Nim



#### Binary expression:

<b>_</b>	-			
Decimal	ecimal Binary		Binary	
1	1 <sub>2</sub>	7	111 <sub>2</sub>	
2	10 <sub>2</sub>	8	1000 <sub>2</sub>	
3	11 <sub>2</sub>	9	1001 <sub>2</sub>	
4	100 <sub>2</sub>	10	1010 <sub>2</sub>	
5	101 <sub>2</sub>	11	1011 <sub>2</sub>	
6	110 <sub>2</sub>	12	1100 <sub>2</sub>	

#### Nim-sum: Sum of binary numbers without carry digit.

Examples: 1.  $7 \oplus 5 = 2$ 

Nim

$$111_2 = 7$$

$$\oplus 101_2 = 5$$

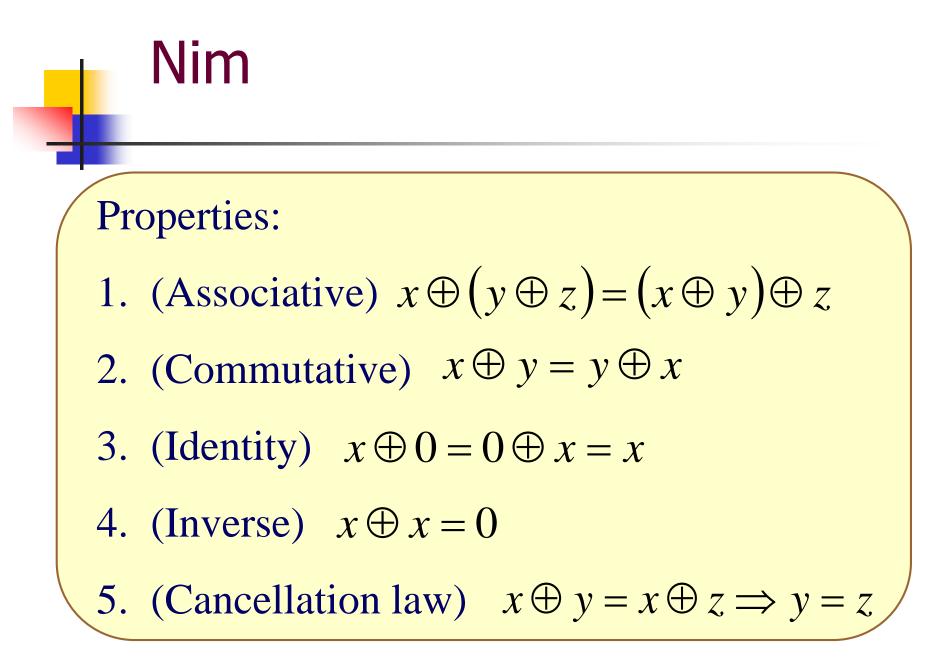
$$10_2 = 2$$

## Nim-sum: Sum of binary numbers without carry digit.

Examples: 2.  $23 \oplus 13 = 26$ 

Nim

$$10111_2 = 23 \oplus 1101_2 = 13 11010_2 = 26$$





The position (*x*,*y*,*z*) is at P-position if and only if

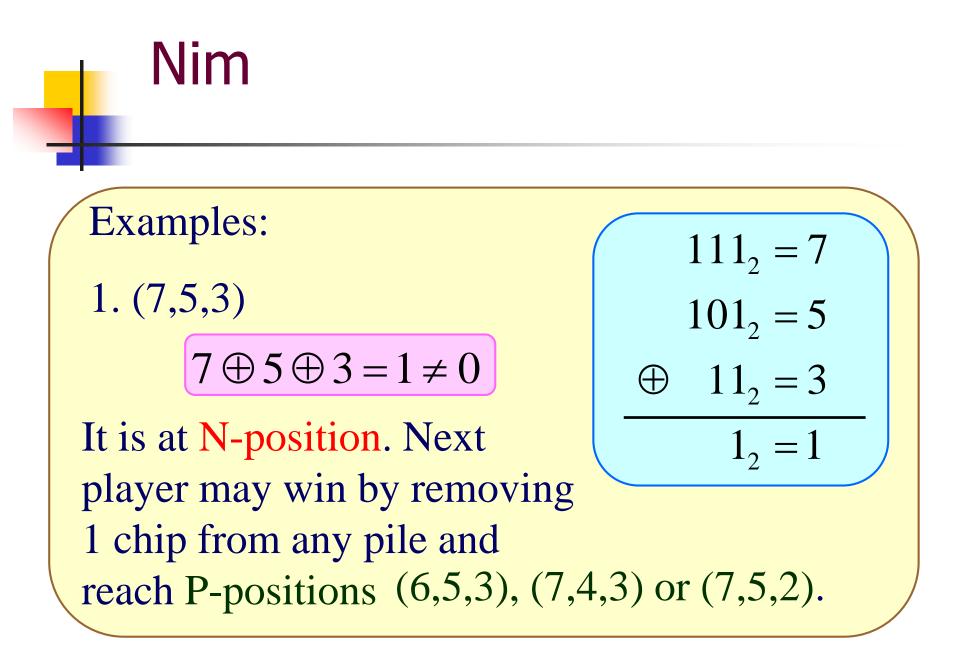
$$x \oplus y \oplus z = 0$$



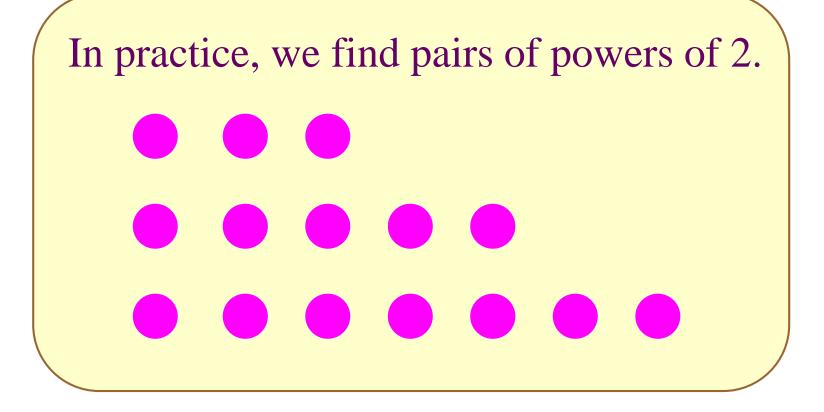
Nim

decimal	(1,2,3)	(1,6,7)	(2,4,6)	(2,5,7)	(3,4,7)
binary	001	001	010	010	011
	010	110	100	101	100
	011	111	110	111	111

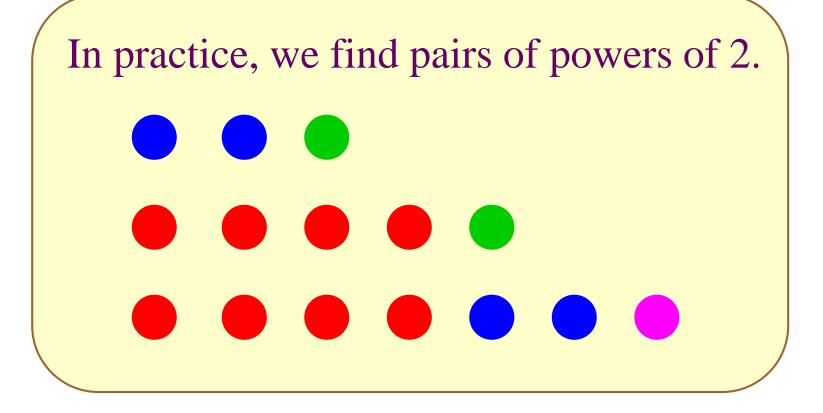
The number of 1's in each column is even (either 0 or 2).



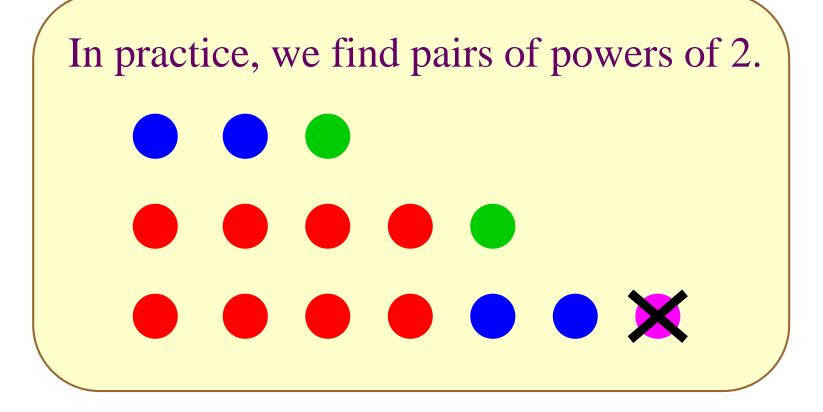




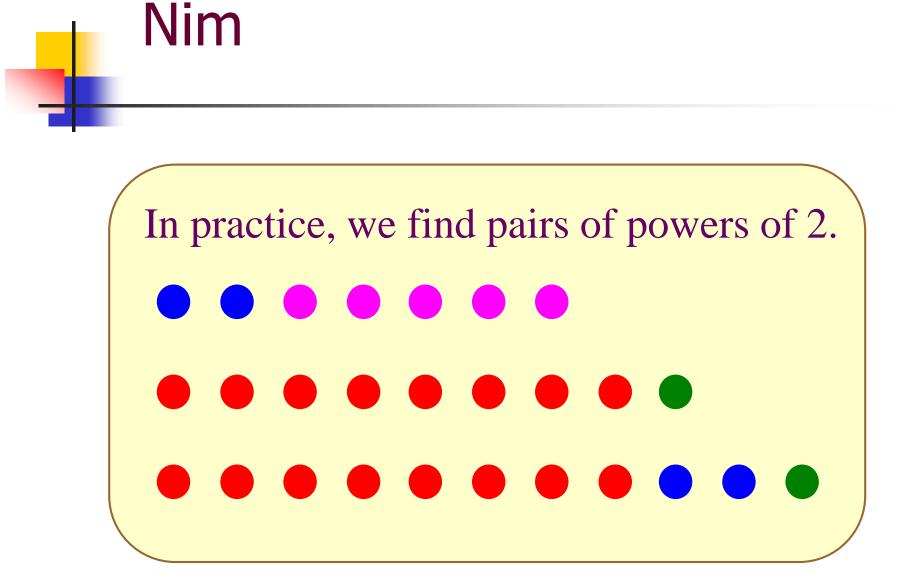


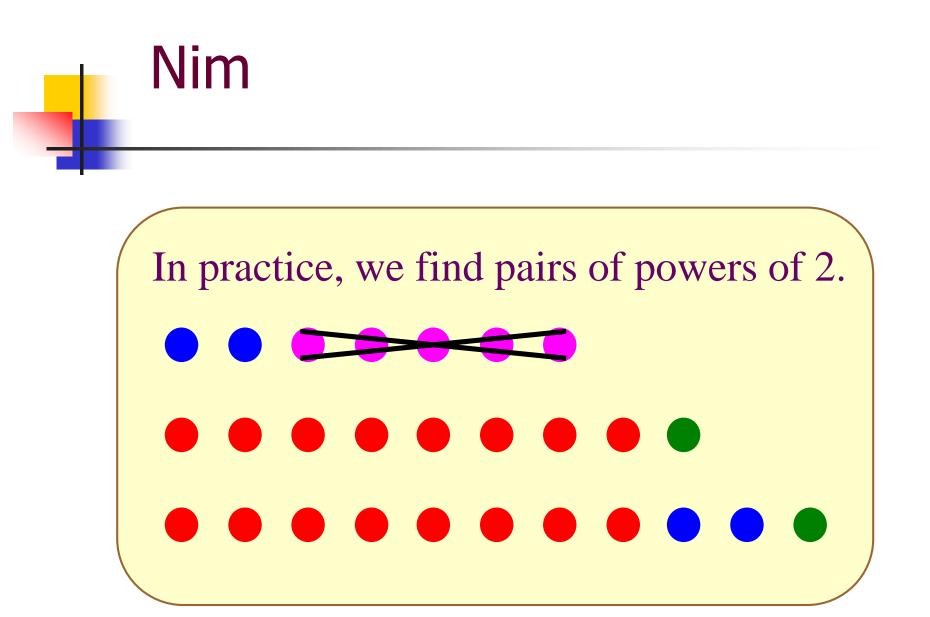












## Example 1

Examples: (25,21,11)

$$25 \oplus 21 \oplus 11 = 7 \neq 0$$

It is at N-position. Next player may win by removing 3 chips from the second pile and reach P-position (25,18,11).

 $11001_{2} = 25$  $10101_{2} = 21$  $\oplus 1011_{2} = 11$  $111_{2} = 7$ 

## Example 1

Examples: (25,21,11)

$$25 \oplus 21 \oplus 11 = 7 \neq 0$$

It is at N-position. Next player may win by removing 3 chips from the second pile and reach P-position (25,18,41).

 $11001_2 = 25$  $10101_2 = 21$ 1011,  $\oplus$ Note:  $21 \oplus 7 = 18$ 

## Example 2

Examples: (11,23,28)  $13 \oplus 23 \oplus 28 = 6 \neq 0$ It is at N-position. The next player can win with the following moves  $1^{st}$  pile to  $1011_2 = 11$  $2^{nd}$  pile to  $10001_2 = 17$  $3^{rd}$  pile to  $11010_2 = 26$ There are 3 winning moves: (11,23,28), (13,17,28), (11,23,26)

 $1101_2 = 13$  $10111_2 = 23$  $\oplus 11100_2 = 28$ 

 $110_2 = 6$